Computing Pearson's R Using Excel's CORREL function

Excel has a function to compute Pearson's r. The formula function is as follows:

=CORREL(array1, array2)

Assume you want to determine if there is a correlation between Math and Language scores in the following example.

Since the math data is found in cells A2 through A15 array1 would be written A2:A15. (Notice there is a colon between A2 and A15.) Likewise, since the language data is found in cells B2 through B15 array2 would be written as B2:B15.

In a cell, such as D2, type the following formula: =CORREL(A2:A15, B2:B15) and press the Enter/Return key. The returned value is Pearson's r.

D2 ▼				f_x	=CORREL(A2:A15,B2:B15)
A	Α	В	С		D
1	Math	Language			Formula
2	88	95		-0.0	08208
3	93	93			
4	97	99			
5	93	95			
6	93	89			
7	100	92			Pearson's r
8	90	96		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	
9	94	99			
10	88	95			
11	90	95			
12	100	92			
13	90	93			
14	94	99			
15	100	95			
16					